



IHC image of neurons in rat hypothalamus.

Histamine Antibody

Catalog #	22939		Product type	Primary antibodies
Lot #	1532001		Clonality	Polyclonal
Form	Lyophilized whole serum (100 µL)		Isotype	IgG
Host	Rabbit		Preservative	≤ 0.09% sodium azide
Reacts With	Reacts With Bee, Copepods, Crab, Flea, Fly, Locust, Marine, Monkey, Moth, Mouse, Pig, Rat, Sea Slug, Snail		Antigen	Synthetic histamine coupled to succinylated keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH) with carbodiimide (CDI) linker.
INSTRUCTIONS				
Preparation		Do not reconstitute until ready to use since the product is most stable when lyophilized. The product does not need to be cooled during shipping; however, for long-term storage, store lyophilized antibody until ready to use at -15°C or lower. Reconstitute with 100 µL of distilled or deionized water. After reconstitution, use immediately or refrigerate at 2°–8°C. To avoid freeze/thaw cycles, dilute unused antibody with PBS or Tris buffer at a dilution no higher than 1/10, then aliquot and freeze at -15°C or lower. Refer to the Instruction Manual available online at www.immunostar.com for information on tissue		
		preparation, immunostaining techniques, troubleshooting, and formulas.		
APPLICATION				
IHC Quality Control		Histamine is located in mast cells, endocrine cells of the gut, blood cells and in some cells of the peripheral and central nervous system. Histamine is a potent vasodilator when secreted by mast cells found in various tissues as a result of allergic hypersensitivity or inflammation. In the central nervous system, histamine is putative neurotransmitter. In the brain, its highest content has been found in the hypothalamus and in certain areas of the mesencephalon. The Histamine antiserum has a sensitivity level capable of detecting the low level Histamine contents of the brain.		
		In rat hypothalamus the antiserum has significant staining using the indirect immunofluorescence method and the biotin-streptavidin/HRP staining method at a 1/4,000–1/6,000 dilution. All staining is blocked by preabsorption of the antiserum with Histamine conjugate. Cross reactivity experiments indicate no cross reactivity with L-histidine or L-histidine containing peptides such as LH-RH.		
Tissue		Rat Hypothalamus		
Perfusion Fixation		 Fixation: 4% carbodiimide in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4; 200 mL over 20 min. Post Fixation: 1.5 hr. at 4°C in 4% carbodiimide in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4. 		
Sections		10 µm cryostat (vibratome sections are not recommended)		
Tissue Incubation 18–24 hours at 2°		18–24 hours at 2°–8°C	3°C	
Detection System Use		Use Cy3 or Bn/AV-HRP according to manufacturer's directions.		
Suggested Dilution		1/4,000–1/6,000 in PBS/0.3% Triton X-100 – Bn/AV-HRP immunohistochemistry		
NOTES				
Special InstructionsIt is recommended that the resource recommendations as a guideline may change the configuration of		earcher perform a primary antibody dilution series using our dilution ne. Note that a change in the fixation or buffering system from our protocol of the protein which could alter the reactivity with the tissue tested.		
St	torage	After reconstitution, use imme and freeze at -15°C or lower.	diately or refriger Avoid repeated f	ate at 2º–8ºC up to 2 days. For long-term storage, aliquot reeze/thaw cycles.

Journal References www.immunostar.com/publications

Concentration

For Laboratory Reagent Use Only. Analytical and performance characteristics are not established.

ALL PRODUCTS ARE FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE

Not applicable. Antibody concentration is only relevant for purified antibodies.

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