# **Datasheet**

Mouse mAb to **Nucleolar** antigen

Clone AE-3
Isotype IgG1-κ



### Source

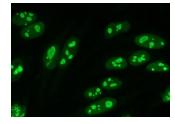
A BALB/c mouse was immunized with nuclei of myeloid leukemia biopsy cells. Fusion partner: NS-1.

### **Specifications**

AE-3 recognizes a nucleolar antigen expressed in nucleoli of human cells. AE-3 can also be used as a marker of the nucleolus in subcellular fractions.

### Species reactivity

Positive: human.



**Figure 1:** Immunological staining of nuleoli (IF).

## **Applications**

AE-3 produces a diffuse staining pattern of the nucleolus of normal and malignant cells and can be used for paraformaldehyde fixed or frozen tissue or cell preparations and formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

Flow cytometry	Frozen sections	Immunofluorescence	Paraffin sections
-	+	+	+

#### **Format**

Produced in tissue culture, contains no host Ig. Antibodies are affinity purified and presented in PBS with 0,02% sodium azide.

Stored at 4°C-8°C, shelf life is at least 24 months after purchase.

### **Dilution advice**

- > Immunofluorescence (0,5-1,0 μg/ml).
- $\triangleright$  Immunohistology (1-2 μg/ml for 30 min at RT; staining of formalin-fixed tissues better after boiling tissue sections in 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0, for 10-20 min followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes).

### Positive control

Human tonsil.

#### References

Epstein, A.L. and Clevenger, C.V., Identification of nuclear antigens in human cells by immunofluorescence, immunoelectron microscopy, and immuno-biochemical methods using monoclonal antibodies. In: Progress on non-histone protein research, Vol. 1, Isaac Bekhor, ed., 1985, CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, pp 117-137.