



IHC image of rat globus pallidus with nickel preparation.

## **Methionine Enkephalin Antibody**

| Catalog #   | 20065   | Product type | Primary antibodies   |
|-------------|---|--------------|--|
| Lot #       | 1421001   | Clonality    | Polyclonal   |
| Form        | Lyophilized whole serum (100 µL)  | Isotype      | IgG  |
| Host        | Rabbit  | Preservative | ≤ 0.09% sodium azide   |
| Reacts With | Bird, Blowfly, Bovine, Cat, Chicken,<br>Cockroach, Crab, Dog, Fish, Frog,<br>Gerbil, Guinea Pig, Hamster, Human,<br>Lamprey, Leech, Moth, Monkey,<br>Mouse, Octopus, Parrot, Pig, Pigeon,<br>Rabbit, Rat, Salamander, Salmon, Sea<br>Bass, Shrew, Snail, Starling,<br>Tapeworm, Turtle, Zebra Finch | Antigen      | Synthetic methionine enkephalin coupled to bovine thyroglobulin (BTg) with glutaraldehyde. |

## **INSTRUCTIONS**

| Preparation | Do not reconstitute until ready to use since the product is most stable when lyophilized. The product does not need to be kept cooled during shipping; however, for long-term storage, store lyophilized antibody until ready to use at -15°C or lower. Reconstitute with 100 $\mu$ L of distilled or deionized water. After reconstitution use immediately or refrigerate at 2°–8°C. To avoid freeze/thaw cycles, dilute unused antibody with PBS or Tris buffer at a dilution no higher than 1/10, then aliquot and freeze at -15°C or lower. |
|-------------|---|
|             | Refer to the Instruction Manual available online at www.immunostar.com for information on tissue preparation, immunostaining techniques, troubleshooting, and formulas.   |

## **APPLICATION**

| IHC Quality Control | The antibody produces significant indirect immunofluorescent staining and significant biotin-avidin/HRP staining at 1/2,000 dilution in rat globus pallidus and amygdala. Staining is completely eliminated by pretreatment with 5 µg of methionine enkephalin per mL of diluted antiserum. Pretreatment with 5 µg of leucine enkephalin per mL of diluted antiserum only partially blocks staining, and as leucine enkephalin concentration goes up, more diluted antiserum is blocked. |
|---------------------|--|
| Absorption Control  | Met Enk 5 μg/mL diluted antiserum  |
| Tissue              | Rat globus pallidus and amygdala   |
| Perfusion Fixation  | <ul> <li>Fixative: 4% paraformaldehyde in 0.1 M Phosphate buffer, pH 7.4; 500 ml over 20–30 min.</li> <li>Post Fixation: 2 hr. at 4°C in 4% paraformaldehyde in 0.1 M phosphate buffer pH 7.4.</li> </ul>  |
| Sections            | 10 μm cryostat   |
| Tissue Incubation   | 18–24 hours at 2°–8°C  |
| Detection System    | Use Cy3 or Bn-AV/HRP reagents at dilutions recommended by the manufacturers.   |
| Suggested Dilution  | 1/2,000–1/5,000 in PBS/0.3% Triton X-100 – Bn/AV-HRP immunohistochemistry  |

## **NOTES**

| Special Instructions | It is recommended that the researcher perform a primary antibody dilution series using our dilution recommendations as a guideline. Note that a change in the fixation or buffering system from our protocol may change the configuration of the protein which could alter the reactivity with the tissue tested. |
|----------------------|---|
| Storage              | After reconstitution, use immediately or refrigerate at 2°–8°C up to 2 days. For long-term storage, aliquot antibody and freeze at -15°C or lower. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.   |
| Concentration        | Not applicable. Antibody concentration is only relevant for purified antibodies.  |
| Journal References   | www.immunostar.com/literature/  |

For Laboratory Reagent Use Only. Analytical and performance characteristics are not established. ALL PRODUCTS ARE FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY AND ARE NOT INTENDED FOR DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC USE