

Murine Anti-Fibrinogen

Clone GMA-034

Fibrinogen is a dimer of three pairs of disulfide-bonded chains: $A\alpha$, $B\beta$, and γ . Thrombin cleavage of fibrinopeptides A and B on the $A\alpha$ and $B\beta$ chains of plasma fibrinogen converts the soluble 340 kDa protein into an interconnected network of insoluble fibrin strands. GMA-034 binds human fibrinogen in solid-phase ELISA and western blots. It does not cross-react with murine or bovine fibrinogen.

Description

Antibody Source:	mouse monoclonal, IgG1
Antigen Species Bound:	human
Specificity:	fibrinogen
Immunogen:	human fibrinogen

Formulation and Storage

Purity:	Purified by protein G affinity chromatography from serum-free cell culture supernatant.
Product Formulation:	Lyophilized from a ≥ 1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ 0.15 M NaCl, 1.0% (w/v) mannitol, pH 7.4. Concentration determined by absorbance measurement at 280 nm and using an extinction coefficient of 1.4 ($\epsilon_{0.1\%}$).
Reconstitution:	Reconstitute with deionized water.
Storage:	Store lyophilized or reconstituted and aliquoted material at -20° C for prolonged periods. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Alternatively, add 0.02% (w/v) sodium azide to reconstituted solution and store at 4° C.
Country of Origin:	USA
Size Options:	0.1 mg or 0.5 mg

Applications

	rking ncentration:	Approximately 1-5 µg/ml. Researcher should titer antibody in specific assay.	
ELISA:		Binds immobilized fibrinogen.	
Imn	nunoblotting:	Western blot detects fibrinogen under reduced and non- reduced conditions.	
(u	1.2 -	GMA-034 binding Fibrinogen in ELISA	
90 nr	0.8 -		
ance (4:			
Absorbance (490 nm)	0.4 -		

References

[1] C.P. Jara et al. Novel fibrin-fibronectin matrix accelerates mice skin wound healing. (2020). *Bioact Mater.* 5(4):949-962.

[Antibody] (µg/mL)

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