

## Rat Anti-Murine Factor V

## Clone GMA-756

Description

Country of

Size Options:

origin:

Factor V (FV) circulates in blood as a single chain protein ( $M_r$  330,000). Following proteolytic activation by thrombin, activated factor V (FVa) serves as the cofactor for factor Xa in the prothrombinase complex that cleaves prothrombin to thrombin in the presence of phospholipid and  $Ca^{2+}$ . Factor Va is composed of a heavy chain ( $M_r$  94,000) noncovalently associated to a light chain ( $M_r$  74,000). GMA-756 binds murine and human Factor V and Factor Va in solid-phase ELISA. It inhibits clotting.

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Antibody Source:	rat monoclonal, IgG <sub>2a</sub>	
Antigen Species Bo	ound: Murine, human	
Specificity:	FV/FVa	
Immunogen:	Murine Factor V	
Formulation and Storage		
	Purified by protein G affinity chromatography from serum-free cell culture supernatant.	
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a $\geq$ 1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> 0.15 M NaCl, 1.0% (w/v) mannitol, pH 7.4. Concentration determined by absorbance measurement at 280 nm and using an extinction coefficient of 1.4 ( $\epsilon_{0.1\%}$ ).	
Reconstitution:	Reconstitute with deionized water.	
:	Store lyophilized or reconstituted and aliquoted material at -20 °C for prolonged periods. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Alternatively, add 0.02% (w/v) sodium azide to reconstituted solution and store at 4 °C.	

USA

0.1 mg or 0.5 mg

Applications		
Working Concentration:	Approximately 1-5 µg/ml. Researcher should titer antibody in specific assay.	
ELISA:	Binds murine and human Factor V and Va in solid- phase ELISA.	
Immunoblotting:	Not recommended.	

