

Rat Anti-Murine Factor X

Clone GMA-762

Factor X (Mr 59,000) is a vitamin K-dependent plasma protein zymogen that plays a central role as the substrate for both the intrinsic (factor VIIa, tissue factor) and extrinsic (factor IXa, factor VIIIa) pathways. In the presence of cofactor factor Va, phospholipid, and Ca²⁺, activated factor X cleaves two peptide bonds in prothrombin to form thrombin. GMA-762 binds murine Factor X and Factor Xa light chain in solid-phase ELISA and Western blot. It is inhibitory in a thrombin generation assay using Factor X deficient plasma spiked with murine Factor X.

Description

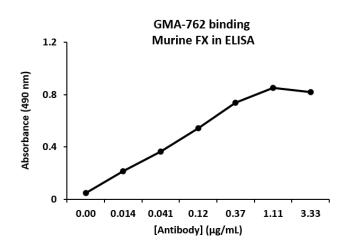
Antibody Source:	rat monoclonal, IgG _{2a}
Antigen Species Bound:	murine
Specificity:	FX/FXa light chain
Immunogen:	murine Factor X

Formulation and Storage

Purity:	Purified by protein G affinity chromatography from serum-free cell culture supernatant.
Product Formulation:	Lyophilized from a ≥ 1 mg/ml solution in 20 mM NaH ₂ PO ₄ 0.15 M NaCl, 1.0% (w/v) mannitol, pH 7.4. Concentration determined by absorbance measurement at 280 nm and using an extinction coefficient of 1.4 ($\epsilon_{0.1\%}$).
Reconstitution:	Reconstitute with deionized water.
Storage:	Store lyophilized or reconstituted and aliquoted material at -20 °C for prolonged periods. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles. Alternatively, add 0.02% (w/v) sodium azide to reconstituted solution and store at 4 °C.
Country of origin:	USA
Size Options:	0.1 mg or 0.5 mg

Applications

Working Concentration:	Approximately 1-5 µg/ml. Researcher should titer antibody in specific assay.
ELISA:	Binds murine Factor X and Xa in solid-phase ELISA.
Immunoblotting:	Binds murine Factor X and Xa light chain under reduced and non-reduced conditions.
Inhibition:	aPTT: 78.3 PT: 91.1



Western blot of reduced murine FXa, 1 ug/mL GMA-762

